## gst105 List of Questions Latex formatted questions may not properly render Q1 There are chromosones within the nucleus of a productive cell 0 20 **39** O 46 0 40 Q2 All living beings are said to compose of \_\_\_\_ nose o cells legs DNA Q3 \_\_\_ distinguishes him from other living things Ability to stand on two legs ability to breathe ability to walk Q4 The first known hominids were the \_\_\_\_ Brirtish gorrillas O Southern apes African Cicygus Asian blaba Q5 The use of language first evolved among \_\_\_\_ homo habilis o homo erectus homo sapiens homo incredata Q6 The evolutionists believe that man evolved directly from woman o apes O God fishes Q7 Current evolutionists put forward the belief that man and primates originated from Europe Australia Africa Asia Minor Q8 Scientists who try to prove the theory of evolution rely heavily on \_\_\_\_ fossils gene mutation O DNA Racial variation Q9 The belief that God created the universe is called \_\_\_\_ miracle divine intervention genesis creationism Q10 \_\_\_\_ type of logic is also regarded as Baconian logic deductive syllogism inductive categorical imperative Q11 Branches of philosophy do not include ethics metaphysics o logic Q12 The beleief in a existence of external reality independent of our belief or knowledge of it is called \_\_\_\_ universality systematic relativity objectivity Q13 Wheh of these is not a characteristic of scientific knowledge? universality systematic

Q14 \_\_\_\_ is not among the similarities between science and philosophy 

both are critical

relativityobjectivity

<ul> <li>both employ empirical method of investigation</li> <li>both are in search of systematic knowledge</li> <li>both exhibit curiousity to know</li> </ul>
Q15 Which of these is not among the commitment of British Society for Social Responsibility in Science:  make scientists aware of social significance of science  make them over of their social comparability.
<ul> <li>make them aware of their social responsibility</li> <li>make them aware of the need to bridge scince gap among countries</li> </ul>
help create an informed public that can exercise a choice in scientific matters
Q16 Scientists and Engineers for Social and Political Action was formed in  0 1969
○ 1949 ○ 1960
<ul><li>1959</li><li>1979</li></ul>
Q17 Technological progress is not responsible for
<ul><li>increase in population</li><li>purification of air</li></ul>
• water polution
o povert
Q18 We owe the discovery of electricity to  © Faraday
O Newton
Bacon Copernicus
Q19 is not method of technology acquisition
o poached technology
<ul><li>technology transfer</li><li>adaptation technology</li></ul>
apprenticed technology
Q20 The discovery of is the most important discovery of stone age
<ul><li>stone</li><li>fire</li></ul>
cloth
numbers
Q21 Man's technical progress is governed by and  demand and supply
science and technology
<ul><li>trade and industry</li><li>discovery and invention</li></ul>
Q22 drives scientific inventions
wealth patent
copyright
© curiousity
Q23 The advantage of email over regular mail is  speed
international reach
legibility of message computer literacy
Q24 was the first person to fly into the space
Albert Einstein
<ul><li>Yuri Gagarin</li><li>Joseph Shevchenko</li></ul>
Abraham Alimatheia
Q25 The aeroplane is an example of invention of the century
<ul><li>20th</li><li>30th</li></ul>
② 21st
0 19th
Q26 Genetic engineering emerged in the 1970s
● 1980s
<ul><li>1990s</li><li>1960s</li></ul>
Q27 The basic unit of heredity is called
o family tree
chromosones gene
© embryo
O28 The first man to walk on the moon with his partner was

Q28 The IIrsu | Armstrong

<ul><li>Einstein</li><li>Neibur</li><li>Gagalin</li></ul>
Q29 was the number of scientists able to understand the relativity theory of Albert Einstein  10 5 12 7
Q30 Wilhelm Röntgen discovered the  bomb xrays cells
• photography
Q31 confirmed that atoms and molecules were the building blocs of matter  Newton Gabriel Dalton Da Vinci
Q32 We credit the invention of telescope to  Ptolemy Albert the Great Galileo Copernicus
Q33 The idea that the sun is the centre of the universe was first held by
<ul> <li>Ptolemy</li> <li>Albert the Great</li> <li>Galileo</li> <li>Copernicus</li> </ul>
Q34 The author of "Al Magest" is  Aquinas Euclid Anselm Ptolemy
Q35 Leonardo da Vinci held that true knowledge must begin with  God ancient positions observation speculation
Q36 Renaissance means  rebirth  protestant discovery imagination
Q37 The were responsible for te development of primitive alchemy into modern Chemistry  Greeks Arabs Romans Africans
Q38 The dark age of history was marked by  halt in the advancement of knowledge  cannibalism idolatry  primitive colonialism
Q39 The fixing of leap year to any year whose number is exactly divisible by four is attributed to  Karl Marx Hegelianism Julius Caeser Pope Gregory III
Q40 Greek science was more and  secular and atheistic speculative and theoretical experimental and practical observational and practical
Q41 is regarded as the most accomplished of Plato's pupils  Socrates Anaximenes Aristotle Pericle
Q42 formulated the idea of negative numbers  Socrates

<ul><li>Aristotle</li><li>Plato</li><li>Engel</li></ul>
Q43 The practice of definition in scientific discourse is owed to  Socrates Aristotle Plato Engel
Q44 According to Democritus, separation of atoms leads to growth death suffering diseases
Q45first advanced the principle of change as a universal law  Heraclitus  Pythagoras  Aristotle  Euclid
Q46 believed that the universe is composed of numbers  Output  Heraclitus  Pythagoras  Aristotle  Euclid
Q47 Thales regrded as the source of all things  gods science religion and atheism water
Q48 The world's first woman philosopher is  Hypathia Victoria Euclid Hannah Arendt
Q49 God of medicine is the name given by the Greeks to  Ptah-Hotep Hippocrates Ipuwar Imhotep
Q50 Ptah-Hotep is reputed the world's first  scientist musician philosopher physician
<ul> <li>Q51 The Egyptians and the Babylonians regrded all knowledge as</li> <li>fruit of study</li> <li>product of consistency and hard work</li> <li>revelation from the gods</li> <li>workable solutions to human problems</li> </ul>
Q52 The Babylonians divided the circle into degrees  360 180 90 45
Q53 The two great rivers of the ancient Babylonians were and  O Tigris and Nile  Missisipi and Euphrates  Nile and Niger  Tigris and Euphrates
Q54 In Babylonian system of measurement one cubit consisted of  50 fingers 40 fingers 30 fingers 20 fingers
Q55 The Babylonians engaged in astronomy in order to  control natural forces subdue the earth pacify the gods have bountiful harvests
Q56 The greatest physician of the ancient time is an Egyptian known as   O Imhotep

<ul><li>Lycugus</li><li>Midas</li><li>Hipocrates</li></ul>
Q57 Astronomy has its origin in  Greece Egypt Babylon Mesopotamia
Q58 is not among the religious centres of ancient kingdom of Egypt  Miletus Memphis Thebes Heliopolis
Q59 Love of wisdom is etymological meaning of  education history science philosophy
Q60 Philos, the Greek word that is a component of the term philosophy means  knowledge love wisdom prudence
Q61 Science is said to have its origin in the age  Paleonthic Communalistic Neolithic Greco-Roman
Q62 We trace the origin of science to and  Athenians and Romans Americans and British Russians and Ethiopians Egyptians and Babylonians
Q63 The theory of relativity was formulated by  © Einstein © Newton © Marx © Quinne
Q64 The theory of universal gravitation was intended to explain the phenomenon of  steam engines falling objects industrial revolution magnetism
Q65 does not capture the character of scientific explanation of realities    meditation     material     causal     rational
Q66 The view that developments occur because of the purpose or design they serve is known as  divine plan  teleology adaptism developmentalism
Q67 Theories that have proved to be so universally valid or true, that is, they are true anywhere in the world and have such a high degree of probability, are called
Q68 The science that examines the chemical processes and substances that occur in living things is called  Biochemistry Biology Paleontology dialectical communism
Q69 The observation that any population tends to outgrow its resources and its members must compete for what is available was first made by
Q70 The ship whose expedition to America that Charles Darwin was a member is known as  © G.D.P. Hope

Q.V.T. Shakespeare
O H.M.S. Beagle
M.V.T. Elizabeth
VI.V.I. Elizabeti
Q71 An explanation about the cause or causes of a broad range of related phenomena is known as
observation
conclusion
• theory
problem definition
problem definition
Q72 The second step in scientific method is known as
observation
of formulation of hypothesis
conclusion
definition of problem
•
Q73 When observations are unexpected we regard it as
o excellent
O passive
o active
o indirect
Q74 Scientific observation can be and
<ul> <li>ancient and modern</li> </ul>
<ul><li>empirical and formal</li></ul>
informal and physical
O direct and indirect
Q75 Characters of science does not include
objectivity
systmatic
speculative
• reliability
Q76 is not an example of empirical science
o mathematics
physics
biology
chemistry
Chemistry
Q77 A branch of science whose contents, arguments and procedures obey certain rules is known as
o formal science
<ul> <li>deductive science</li> </ul>
o inductive science
o empirical science
·
Q78 cannot be attributed to formal science
o rules
prophecy
concepts
• theories
Q79 Science regarded as a body of knowledge does not include
Chemistry
O Sophistry
○ Biology
physics
Q80 The term, science, was derived from a Latin word, namely
scintilla
Sciencia
sciensia
Scientia